

Claims

1. A method of associating look-up table addresses with MAC addresses, the method including for successive MAC addresses A_0 :
 - using A_0 to generate $y+1$ look-up table addresses $H_0, H_1, H_2, \dots, H_y$,
 - 5 where y is an integer greater than or equal to one; and according to at least one criterion associating the address A_0 with a selected one of the addresses $H_0, H_1, H_2, \dots, H_y$.
2. A method according to claim 1 wherein the criterion is that A_0 is associated with H_n where n is the smallest integer in the range 0 to y such that
- 10 there is presently no MAC address associated with the address H_n .
3. A method according to claim 1 wherein the criterion is that A_0 is associated with H_n where n is the smallest integer in the range 0 to y such that the number of MAC addresses associated with the address H_n is less than a predetermined integer.
- 15 4. A method according to claim 1, claim 2 or claim 3 wherein the addresses H_1 to H_y are generated successively upon it being found that the preceding H_n does not meet a criterion.
5. A method according to claim 4 wherein the value of y is predetermined, whereby the maximum number of addresses $H_0, H_1, H_2, \dots, H_y$ which are
- 20 generated is no more than a predetermined number, even if none of these addresses meets the criterion.
6. A method according to any preceding claim wherein each of the addresses H_1, H_2, \dots, H_y is obtained from the address A_0 by first forming a respective string A_n having the same number of bits as A_0 , and then applying
- 25 the algorithm by which H_0 is obtained from A_0 .
7. A method according to claim 6 wherein each A_n is obtained by modulating a string S_n obtained by a selection from A_0 with a respective set of Walsh codes.

8. A switch including a memory for defining a look-up table having a plurality of addresses and a processor for associating MAC addresses with addresses of the look-up table,

- the processor being arranged to use each MAC address A_0 to generate
5 y+1 look-up table addresses $H_0, H_1, H_2, \dots, H_y$ for y an integer greater than or equal to one, and according to at least one criterion to associate the address A_0 with a selected one of the addresses $H_0, H_1, H_2, \dots, H_y$.